Minimality of \mathscr{B} -free systems (in number fields)

Aurelia Dymek

Given a set \mathscr{B} of natural numbers, we say that an integer n is \mathscr{B} -free, if no number in \mathscr{B} divides n. In 2010 Sarnak initiated the study of the dynamics of sets of \mathscr{B} -free numbers. The orbit closure of the characteristic function of \mathscr{B} -free numbers is endowed with the left shift and called \mathscr{B} -free subshift. Any \mathscr{B} -free system contains a unique minimal subshift. Moreover, it is minimal precisely if the characteristic function of \mathscr{B} -free integers is a Toeplitz sequence. Equivalently, there is no "rescalled copy of an infinite pairwise coprime subset" in \mathscr{B} . I will discuss these results and their multidimensional counterparts.

The talk is based on the joint work with Stanisław Kasjan and Joanna Kułaga-Przymus.