

INSTITUT FÜR NUMISMATIK UND GELDGESCHICHTE

UNIVERSITÄT WIEN

FRANZ KLEIN GASSE 1 1190 WIEN ÖSTERREICH

DIE DEKANIN DER HISTORISCH-KULTURWISSENSCHAFTLICHEN FAKULTÄT und das INSTITUT FÜR NUMISMATIK UND GELDGESCHICHTE

laden ein zu einem Gastvortrag von

Prof. Dr. Aleksander Bursche Universität Warschau

Gold coins, Alexandria Troas and Goths. Origin of early Germanic coinage

Since 1881 Cabinet des Medailles in Paris has had in its keeping a pierced gold coin of Gallienus struck with the die of Alexandria Troas. Only bronze coins were minted in Asia Minor at this time so this continued to challenge the most eminent numismaticians such as H. Cohen or E. Babelon. Currently three gold coins of this type are known. One of them was discovered in north-eastern Ukraine. In AD 263 Alexandria Troas was plundered by Gothic troops. No doubt, its mint also fell into barbarian hands, complete with bronze coin dies and possibly, its workers too. Next, the looted dies found their way north and were used, possibly with the help of moneyers of Troas themselves, in striking gold coins, pierced, of a weight significantly in excess of the aureus standard. This is an evidence on a remarkable mechanism of the direct import of know-how to Barbaricum from the Empire that would form the foundation for later independent coinage. Germanic societies migrating south and westward keep the tradition of imitation gold coinage, variously resembling their Roman prototypes. In the end of 5th – early 6th century the first monograms and names of Germanic rulers start to appear on the pseudo-imperial coins.

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im Hörsaal des Instituts für Numismatik und Geldgeschichte 1190 Wien, Franz Klein Gasse 1 (Hochparterre links)

> Der Institutsvorstand: Univ.-Prof. Dr. Reinhard Wolters Die Dekanin: Univ.-Prof. Dr. Claudia Theune-Vogt