The Conference

One hundred years ago, in October 1912, the outbreak of what was later known as the first Balkan War terminated 500 years of Ottoman rule over much of Southeastern Europe. A new order of nation-states was implemented which aimed at expansion externally and ethnic homogenization internally. Only the nation-state seemed to be a fully accepted member of the European family of states.

More often than not it was wars that served as a means for ethnic transformation. Three decades were especially violent. Between 1912 and 1923, during the 1940s and during the 1990s much of the multi-ethnic fabric of the Balkans was destroyed, with effects that still haunt the present Southeast European states.

On occasion of the 100th anniversary of the outbreak of the first Balkan War, this conference aims to explore the policies of ethnic homogenization on the Balkans during the 20th century in a comparative perspective. The focus will not only be on links between war and ethnic cleansing, but also on postwar ethnic engineering. It will be analyzed how state building and international migration policy impacted on processes of ethnic homogenisation in a European framework.

The integrated Young Scholars Forum discusses current PhD and Postdoc projects related to the conference topic, and promotes networks and joint research projects throughout Southeastern Europe and beyond.

Image on front page: Muslim refugees in the initial phase of the First Balkan War, 1912.

Organized by:

Philipp Ther, Universität Wien philipp.ther@univie.ac.at

Alexander Korb, University of Leicester ak368@leicester.ac.uk

Sarah Lemmen, Universität Wien sarah.lemmen@univie.ac.at



Venue: Lecture Hall of the Institute for East European History

Universität Wien Institut für Osteuropäische Geschichte Spitalgasse 2, Hof 3 (Campus) A-1090 Wien

T +43-1-4277-411 01 F +43-1-4277-9 411

osteuropa-geschichte@univie.ac.at www.iog.univie.ac.at

The Stanley Burton Centre for Holocaust and Genocide Studies, University of Leicester http://www2.le.ac.uk/centres/stanley-burton-centre



universität wien

School of Historical Studies The Stanley Burton Centre for Holocaust and Genocide Studies

Homogenizing Southeastern Europe Balkan Wars, Ethnic Cleansing and Postwar Ethnic Engineering since 1912

08 – 10 November 2012



International Conference

Institute for East European History University of Vienna

This Conference is supported by the Robert Bosch Foundation. Diese Konferenz wird von der Robert Bosch Stiftung gefördert.

Programme

Thursday, 08 November 2012

13:30-14:00 Welcome and Opening Remarks

Heinz Faßmann, Vice Rector of the University of Vienna

Alexander Korb (Leicester/Jena) Philipp Ther (Vienna)

14:00-17:30 Panel 1. Ethnicized Warfare

Chair: Cathie Carmichael (Norwich)

Tamara Scheer (Vienna) Why can the Conflicts in the Balkans (1912-1918) be called an Ethnicized Warfare?

John Paul Newman (Maynooth) Nationalizing wars and Paramilitarism in the Balkans 1914-1939

Alexander Korb (Leicester/Jena) Peculiarities of the Southeast European Warzone During WWII and Beyond (1941-1948)

Tomislav Dulić (Uppsala) Ethnic Violence in Bosnia and Herzegovina: Control, Security and Civilian Deaths in the 1990s

Comment: Philipp Ther (Vienna)

18:00 Key Note Lecture

Theodora Dragostinova (Ohio State University) Politics and Limits of Nationalization: A View from Below

Followed by Wine Reception

Programme

Friday, 09 November 2012

9:30-12:00 Panel 2. Unmixing Peoples: National Policies and International Context

Chair: Ulf Brunnbauer (Regensburg)

Hakem Rustom (Ann Arbor)

Balkan Wars, Anatolian Echoes: The Lausanne Treaty and the American Population

Viorel Achim (Bucharest/Jena) International Aspects of Romanian Population Policies, 1940-1944

Cathie Carmichael (Norwich)

The International Community, Local Actors and Ethnic Homogenization in the Western Balkans in the 1990s

Comment: Constantin Iordachi (Budapest/Jena)

13:30-16:00 Panel 3/1. Postwar Ethnic Engineering

Chair: Carolin Leutloff Grandits (Berlin/Graz)

Thomas Schad (Berlin)

Demographic Engineering in Interwar Yugoslavia and Turkey

Ulf Brunnbauer (Regensburg)

Excluding 'Alien Elements', including 'our Emigrants': Migration Policies and National Homogenization in Interwar Yugoslavia

Elisabeth Kontogiorgi (Athens)

The Policies of Ethnic Homogenization and Settlement of Greek Orthodox Refugees in Northern Greece, 1912-1940

Nada Boškovska (Zurich) Ethnic Homogenization of Yugoslav Macedonia in the 1920s

Comment: Uğur Ümit Üngör (Utrecht)

Programme

16:30-19:00 Young Scholars Forum: Round table and project presentation

Chair: Alexander Korb (Leicester / Jena)

With Odeta Barbullushi (Tirana), Selim Bezeraj (Prishtina), Dario Brentin (Graz/London), Dragan Cvetković (Belgrade), Eva Frantz (Vienna), Idrit Idrizi (Vienna), Marina Ilić (Belgrade/Lille), Hans Lempert (Vienna), Jelena Lilić (Belgrade/Stockholm), Iva Lucić (Sarajevo/Uppsala), Goran Miljan (Zagreb/Budapest), Deniver Vukelić (Zagreb).

19:30 Conference Dinner

Saturday, 10 November 2012

9:30-11:30 Panel 3/2. Postwar Ethnic Engineering

Chair: Adamantios Skordos (Vienna)

Vladan Jovanović (Belgrade) Comparative Perspectives on Muslim Emigration from Monarchist and Socialist Yugoslavia (1938/1953)

Michael Portmann (Vienna) Flight, Internment, and Colonization: Migrations and Migration Policy in the Yugoslav Vojvodina 1944-1950

Carolin Leutloff Grandits (Berlin/Graz) Post-Dayton Ethnic Engineering

Comment: Josip Glaurdić (Cambridge)

12:00-13:00 Final Discussion

This Conference is supported by the Robert Bosch Foundation. Diese Konferenz wird von der Robert Bosch Stiftung gefördert.